
**UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY and
CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

**Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
for the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2011**

**UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY and
CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES**

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Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)
Union Pacific Railroad Company and Consolidated Subsidiary Companies

<i>Millions, for the Three Months Ended June 30,</i>	2011	2010
Operating revenues:		
Freight revenues	\$ 4,595	\$ 3,956
Other revenues	255	217
Total operating revenues	4,850	4,173
Operating expenses:		
Compensation and benefits	1,151	1,037
Fuel	904	608
Purchased services and materials	509	465
Depreciation	401	368
Equipment and other rents	283	282
Other	211	136
Total operating expenses	3,459	2,896
Operating income	1,391	1,277
Other income (Note 6)	53	21
Interest expense	(120)	(117)
Income before income taxes	1,324	1,181
Income taxes	(506)	(448)
Net income	\$ 818	\$ 733

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)
Union Pacific Railroad Company and Consolidated Subsidiary Companies

<i>Millions, for the Six Months Ended June 30,</i>	2011	2010
Operating revenues:		
Freight revenues	\$ 8,843	\$ 7,711
Other revenues	492	421
Total operating revenues	9,335	8,132
Operating expenses:		
Compensation and benefits	2,301	2,080
Fuel	1,730	1,191
Purchased services and materials	978	893
Depreciation	796	734
Equipment and other rents	584	571
Other	417	397
Total operating expenses	6,806	5,866
Operating income	2,529	2,266
Other income (Note 6)	88	38
Interest expense	(235)	(233)
Income before income taxes	2,382	2,071
Income taxes	(895)	(787)
Net income	\$ 1,487	\$ 1,284

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Unaudited)*Union Pacific Railroad Company and Consolidated Subsidiary Companies*

<i>Millions, Except Share and Per Share Amounts</i>	Jun. 30, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 396	\$ 368
Accounts receivable, net (Note 9)	1,356	1,116
Materials and supplies	630	534
Current deferred income taxes (Note 7)	294	243
Other current assets	218	326
Total current assets	2,894	2,587
Investments	1,136	1,099
Net properties (Note 10)	38,898	38,241
Other assets	193	214
Total assets	\$ 43,121	\$ 42,141
Liabilities and Common Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities (Note 11)	\$ 2,629	\$ 2,323
Third-party debt due within one year	179	229
Total current liabilities	2,808	2,552
Intercompany borrowings from UPC (Note 12)	1,853	2,608
Third-party debt due after one year	2,096	2,075
Deferred income taxes (Note 7)	11,944	11,549
Other long-term liabilities	1,846	1,865
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)		
Total liabilities	20,547	20,649
Common shareholders' equity:		
Common shares, \$10.00 par value, 9,200 authorized; 4,465 outstanding		
Class A stock, \$10.00 par value, 800 authorized, 388 outstanding	-	-
Paid-in-surplus	4,782	4,782
Retained earnings	18,511	17,444
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (Note 8)	(719)	(734)
Total common shareholders' equity	22,574	21,492
Total liabilities and common shareholders' equity	\$ 43,121	\$ 42,141

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)
Union Pacific Railroad Company and Consolidated Subsidiary Companies

<i>Millions, for the Six Months Ended June 30,</i>	2011	2010
Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 1,487	\$ 1,284
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	796	734
Deferred income taxes and unrecognized tax benefits	397	121
Net gain on non-operating asset dispositions	(5)	(8)
Other operating activities, net	(65)	(151)
Changes in current assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net (Note 9)	(240)	(573)
Materials and supplies	(96)	(21)
Other current assets	108	80
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	306	214
Cash provided by operating activities	2,688	1,680
Investing Activities		
Capital investments	(1,327)	(1,054)
Proceeds from asset sales	30	31
Acquisition of equipment pending financing	(85)	-
Proceeds from sale of assets financed	85	-
Other investing activities, net	(66)	(43)
Cash used in investing activities	(1,363)	(1,066)
Financing Activities		
Intercompany payments, net (Note 12)	(755)	(312)
Dividends paid to UPC	(420)	(304)
Debt repaid	(121)	(387)
Debt issued	-	400
Other financing activities, net	(1)	(1)
Cash used in financing activities	(1,297)	(604)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	28	10
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	368	461
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 396	\$ 471
Supplemental Cash Flow Information		
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Capital lease financings	120	-
Capital investments accrued but not yet paid	100	71
Cash paid for:		
Interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$ (246)	\$ (243)
Income taxes, net of refunds	(186)	(392)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Common Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)
Union Pacific Railroad Company and Consolidated Subsidiary Companies

<i>Millions</i>	<i>Common Shares</i>	<i>Class A Shares</i>	<i>Common Shares</i>	<i>Paid-in-Surplus</i>	<i>Retained Earnings</i>	<i>AOCI [a]</i>	<i>Total</i>
Balance at January 1, 2010	4,465	388	\$ -	\$ 4,782	\$ 15,284	\$ (654)	\$ 19,412
Comprehensive income:							
Net income			-	-	1,284	-	1,284
Other comp. income			-	-	-	6	6
Total comp. income (Note 8)							1,290
Dividends declared	-	-	-	-	(304)	-	(304)
Balance at June 30, 2010	4,465	388	\$ -	\$ 4,782	\$ 16,264	\$ (648)	\$ 20,398
Balance at January 1, 2011	4,465	388	\$ -	\$ 4,782	\$ 17,444	\$ (734)	\$ 21,492
Comprehensive income:							
Net income			-	-	1,487	-	1,487
Other comp. income			-	-	-	15	15
Total comp. income (Note 8)							1,502
Dividends declared	-	-	-	-	(420)	-	(420)
Balance at June 30, 2011	4,465	388	\$ -	\$ 4,782	\$ 18,511	\$ (719)	\$ 22,574

[a] AOCI = Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) (See Note 8)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Union Pacific Railroad Company and Consolidated Subsidiary Companies

For purposes of this report, unless the context otherwise requires, all references herein to the “Company”, “we”, “us”, and “our” mean Union Pacific Railroad Company and Consolidated Subsidiary Companies. Union Pacific Railroad Company, together with our wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries, is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Union Pacific Corporation, herein “the Corporation” or “UPC”.

1. Basis of Presentation

We are a Class I railroad incorporated in Delaware and, together with a number of wholly-owned and majority owned subsidiaries, we operate various railroad and railroad related businesses. Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are unaudited and reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal and recurring adjustments) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for their fair presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Our Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at December 31, 2010, is derived from audited financial statements. This Quarterly Report should be read in conjunction with our 2010 Annual Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire year ending December 31, 2011.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in accordance with GAAP as codified in the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC).

Subsequent Events Evaluation – We evaluated the effects of all subsequent events through August 5, 2011, the report issuance date.

2. Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05, *Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income* (ASU 2011-05). ASU 2011-05 will require companies to present the components of net income and other comprehensive income either as one continuous statement or as two consecutive statements. It eliminates the option to present components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. The standard does not change the items which must be reported in other comprehensive income, how such items are measured or when they must be reclassified to net income. This standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Because this ASU impacts presentation only, it will have no effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

3. Operations and Segmentation

We have one reportable operating segment. Although revenue is analyzed by commodity group, we analyze the net financial results as one segment due to the integrated nature of our rail network. The following table provides freight revenue by commodity group:

<i>Millions</i>	<i>Three Months Ended</i>		<i>Six Months Ended</i>	
	<i>June 30,</i>		<i>June 30,</i>	
	2011	<i>2010</i>	2011	<i>2010</i>
Agricultural	\$ 849	\$ 698	\$ 1,656	\$ 1,428
Automotive	381	334	723	639
Chemicals	703	592	1,367	1,179
Energy	950	836	1,902	1,680
Industrial Products	803	692	1,493	1,290
Intermodal	909	804	1,702	1,495
Total freight revenues	4,595	3,956	8,843	7,711
Other revenues	255	217	492	421
Total operating revenues	\$ 4,850	\$ 4,173	\$ 9,335	\$ 8,132

Although our revenues are principally derived from customers domiciled in the U.S., the ultimate points of origination or destination for some products transported are outside the U.S.

4. Stock-Based Compensation

We participate in the Corporation's stock incentive programs. The Corporation has several stock-based compensation plans under which employees receive stock options, nonvested retention shares, and nonvested stock units. We refer to the nonvested shares and stock units collectively as "retention awards". New shares are issued by UPC when retention shares vest.

Information regarding stock-based compensation appears in the table below:

<i>Millions</i>	<i>Three Months Ended</i>		<i>Six Months Ended</i>	
	<i>June 30,</i>		<i>June 30,</i>	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Stock-based compensation, before tax:				
Stock options	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 6	\$ 6
Retention awards	13	12	25	21
Total stock-based compensation, before tax	\$ 16	\$ 15	\$ 31	\$ 27

Stock Options – The fair value of UPC's stock option awards is estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The table below shows the year-to-date weighted-average assumptions used for valuation purposes:

<i>Weighted-Average Assumptions</i>	2011	2010
Risk-free interest rate	2.3%	2.4%
Dividend yield	1.6%	1.8%
Expected life (years)	5.3	5.4
Volatility	35.9%	35.2%
Weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted	\$ 28.45	\$ 18.26

The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant; the dividend yield is calculated as the ratio of dividends paid per share of common stock to the stock price on the date of grant; the expected life is based on historical and expected exercise behavior; and volatility is based on the historical volatility of UPC's stock price over the expected life of the option.

Stock options are granted at the closing price on the date of grant, have ten-year contractual terms, and vest no later than three years from the date of grant. None of the stock options outstanding at June 30, 2011 are subject to performance or market-based vesting conditions.

At June 30, 2011, there was \$15 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.2 years. Additional information regarding stock option exercises appears in the table below:

<i>Millions</i>	<i>Three Months Ended</i>		<i>Six Months Ended</i>	
	<i>June 30,</i>		<i>June 30,</i>	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Intrinsic value of stock options exercised	\$ 39	\$ 7	\$ 64	\$ 18
UPC's tax benefit realized from option exercises	15	3	24	7
Aggregate grant-date fair value of stock options vested	-	-	11	12

Retention Awards – The fair value of retention awards is based on the closing price of UPC's stock on the grant date. Dividends and dividend equivalents are paid to participants during the vesting periods.

Retention awards are granted at no cost to the employee and vest over periods lasting up to four years. At June 30, 2011, there was \$81 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested retention awards, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2 years.

Performance Retention Awards – In February 2011, UPC’s Board of Directors approved performance stock unit grants. Other than different performance targets, the basic terms of these performance stock units are identical to those granted in February 2009 and February 2010, including using annual return on invested capital (ROIC) as the performance measure. The Corporation defines ROIC as net operating profit adjusted for interest expense (including interest on the present value of operating leases) and taxes on interest divided by average invested capital adjusted for the present value of operating leases.

Stock units awarded to selected employees under these grants are subject to continued employment for 37 months and the attainment of certain levels of ROIC. We expense the fair value of the units that are probable of being earned based on the Corporation’s forecasted ROIC over the 3-year performance period. We measure the fair value of these performance stock units based upon the closing price of the underlying UPC common stock as of the date of grant, reduced by the present value of estimated future dividends. Dividend equivalents are paid to participants only after the units are earned.

The assumptions used to calculate the present value of estimated future dividends related to the February 2011 grant were as follows:

	2011
UPC’s dividend per share for the quarter	\$ 0.38
Risk-free interest rate at date of grant	1.2%

At June 30, 2011, there was \$26 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested performance retention awards, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.6 years. This expense is subject to achievement of the ROIC levels established for the performance stock unit grants.

5. Retirement Plans

Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits

Pension Plans – We provide defined benefit retirement income to eligible non-union employees through the Corporation’s qualified and non-qualified (supplemental) pension plans. Qualified and non-qualified pension benefits are based on years of service and the highest compensation during the latest years of employment, with specific reductions made for early retirements.

Other Postretirement Benefits (OPEB) – We provide medical and life insurance benefits for eligible retirees through the Corporation’s programs. These benefits are funded as medical claims and life insurance premiums are paid.

Expense

Both pension and OPEB expense are determined based upon the annual service cost of benefits (the actuarial cost of benefits earned during a period) and the interest cost on those liabilities, less the expected return on plan assets. The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is applied to a calculated value of plan assets that recognizes changes in fair value over a five-year period. This practice is intended to reduce year-to-year volatility in pension expense, but it can have the effect of delaying the recognition of differences between actual returns on assets and expected returns based on long-term rate of return assumptions. Differences in actual experience in relation to assumptions are not recognized in net income immediately, but are deferred and, if necessary, amortized as pension or OPEB expense.

The components of our net periodic pension cost were as follows:

<i>Millions</i>	<i>Three Months Ended June 30,</i>		<i>Six Months Ended June 30,</i>	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Service cost	\$ 11	\$ 11	\$ 22	\$ 22
Interest cost	36	35	72	70
Expected return on plan assets	(45)	(44)	(90)	(89)
Amortization of:				
Prior service cost	-	1	1	2
Actuarial loss	18	10	35	21
Net periodic pension cost	\$ 20	\$ 13	\$ 40	\$ 26

The components of our net periodic OPEB cost/(benefit) were as follows:

<i>Millions</i>	<i>Three Months Ended June 30,</i>		<i>Six Months Ended June 30,</i>	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Service cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 1
Interest cost	4	4	8	8
Amortization of:				
Prior service (credit)	(9)	(11)	(18)	(22)
Actuarial loss	4	4	7	7
Net periodic OPEB cost/(benefit)	\$ (1)	\$ (3)	\$ (2)	\$ (6)

Cash Contributions

For the six months ended June 30, 2011, UPC has not made any cash contributions to the qualified pension plan. Any additional contributions made in the second half of the year will be based on cash generated from operations and financial market considerations. UPC's policy with respect to funding the qualified plans is to fund at least the minimum required by law and not more than the maximum amount deductible for tax purposes. At June 30, 2011, UPC does not have minimum funding requirements for 2011.

6. Other Income

Other income included the following:

<i>Millions</i>	<i>Three Months Ended June 30,</i>		<i>Six Months Ended June 30,</i>	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Interest income	\$ 28	4	\$ 49	5
Rental income	19	\$ 21	39	\$ 41
Net gain on non-operating asset dispositions	4	4	5	8
Non-operating environmental costs and other	2	(8)	(5)	(16)
Total	\$ 53	\$ 21	\$ 88	\$ 38

7. Income Taxes

We are included in the consolidated income tax return of UPC. The consolidated income tax liability of UPC is allocated among the parent and its subsidiaries on the basis of the separate contributions to the consolidated income tax liability, with benefits of tax losses and credits utilized in consolidation allocated to the companies generating such losses and credits.

Internal Revenue Service (IRS) examinations have been completed and settled for all years prior to 1999, and the statute of limitations bars any additional tax assessments. Interest calculations may remain open

for years prior to 1999. The IRS has completed its examinations and issued notices of deficiency for tax years 1999 through 2006. UPC disagrees with many of their proposed adjustments, and UPC is at IRS Appeals for these years. During the second quarter of 2011, the IRS completed its examination and issued a notice of deficiency for tax years 2007 and 2008. UPC disagrees with many of their proposed adjustments, and will contest the adjustments through the IRS Appeals process and potentially through litigation. UPC anticipates a partial settlement of the tax years 1999 through 2004 in the next 12 months. Several state tax authorities are examining UPC's state income tax returns for tax years 2003 through 2006.

Based on the IRS's examination report for tax years 2007 and 2008, we increased our liability for uncertain tax benefits from \$204 million at December 31, 2010, to \$267 million at June 30, 2011. Most of this increase is a reclassification from our deferred income tax liability. Of the \$267 million, we have classified \$124 million as current in anticipation of a partial settlement in the next 12 months for tax years 1999 through 2004.

In February 2011, Arizona enacted legislation that will decrease the state's corporate tax rate. This reduced our deferred tax expense by \$14 million in the first quarter of 2011.

8. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income was as follows:

<i>Millions</i>	<i>Three Months Ended</i>		<i>Six Months Ended</i>	
	<i>June 30,</i>		<i>June 30,</i>	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Net income	\$ 818	\$ 733	\$ 1,487	\$ 1,284
Other comprehensive income/(loss):				
Defined benefit plans	-	1	1	4
Foreign currency translation	9	(1)	14	1
Derivatives	-	-	-	1
Total other comprehensive income [a]	9	-	15	6
Total comprehensive income	\$ 827	\$ 733	\$ 1,502	\$ 1,290

[a] Net of deferred taxes of \$5 million and \$9 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively, and \$0 million and \$1 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively.

The after-tax components of accumulated other comprehensive loss were as follows:

<i>Millions</i>	<i>Jun. 30,</i>	<i>Dec. 31,</i>
	2011	2010
Defined benefit plans	\$ (702)	\$ (703)
Foreign currency translation	(14)	(28)
Derivatives	(3)	(3)
Total	\$ (719)	\$ (734)

9. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable includes freight and other receivables reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is based upon historical losses, credit worthiness of customers, and current economic conditions. At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, our accounts receivable were reduced by \$6 million and \$5 million, respectively. Receivables not expected to be collected in one year and the associated allowances are classified as other assets in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, receivables classified as other assets were reduced by allowances of \$49 million and \$51 million, respectively.

Receivables Securitization Facility – Under the receivables securitization facility, we sell most of our accounts receivable to Union Pacific Receivables, Inc. (UPRI), a bankruptcy-remote subsidiary. UPRI may subsequently transfer, without recourse on a 364-day revolving basis, an undivided interest in eligible accounts receivable to investors. The total capacity to transfer undivided interests to investors under the facility was \$600 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The value of the outstanding undivided interest held by investors under the facility was \$100 million at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and is included in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as debt due after one year. The value of the undivided interest held by investors was supported by \$1.1 billion and \$960 million of accounts receivable at June 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, respectively. At June 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, the value of the interest retained by UPRI was \$1.1 billion and \$960 million, respectively. This retained interest is included in accounts receivable, net in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

The value of the outstanding undivided interest held by investors could fluctuate based upon the availability of eligible receivables and is directly affected by changing business volumes and credit risks, including default and dilution. If default or dilution ratios increase one percent, the value of the outstanding undivided interest held by investors would not change as of June 30, 2011. Should UPC's credit rating fall below investment grade, the value of the outstanding undivided interest held by investors would be reduced, and, in certain cases, the investors would have the right to discontinue the facility.

We collected approximately \$4.6 billion and \$4.0 billion during the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and \$8.9 billion and \$7.7 billion during the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. UPRI used certain of these proceeds to purchase new receivables under the facility.

The costs of the receivables securitization facility include interest, which will vary based on prevailing commercial paper rates, program fees paid to banks, commercial paper issuing costs, and fees for unused commitment availability. The costs of the receivables securitization facility are included in interest expense and were \$1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, and \$2 million and \$3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011, and 2010, respectively.

The investors have no recourse to our other assets except for customary warranty and indemnity claims. Our creditors do not have recourse to the assets of UPRI.

We are currently in process of renewing the receivables securitization facility for an additional 364-day period at comparable terms and conditions.

10. Properties – The following tables list the major categories of property and equipment, as well as the weighted average composite depreciation rate for each category:

<i>Millions, Except Percentages As of June 30, 2011</i>	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Accumulated Depreciation</i>	<i>Net Book Value</i>	<i>Depreciation Rate for 2011</i>
Land	\$ 5,005	\$ N/A	\$ 5,005	N/A
Road:				
Rail and other track material [a]	12,221	4,506	7,715	3.3%
Ties	7,814	1,944	5,870	2.9%
Ballast	4,081	969	3,112	3.0%
Other [b]	13,783	2,437	11,346	2.6%
Total road	37,899	9,856	28,043	2.9%
Equipment:				
Locomotives	6,198	2,817	3,381	5.7%
Freight cars	1,926	1,059	867	3.5%
Work equipment and other	443	42	401	5.6%
Total equipment	8,567	3,918	4,649	5.2%
Technology and other	559	248	311	13.0%
Construction in progress	890	-	890	N/A
Total	\$ 52,920	\$ 14,022	\$ 38,898	N/A

[a] Includes a weighted-average composite depreciation rate for rail in high-density traffic corridors.

[b] Other includes grading, bridges and tunnels, signals, buildings, and other road assets.

<i>Millions, Except Percentages As of December 31, 2010</i>	<i>Cost</i>	<i>Accumulated Depreciation</i>	<i>Net Book Value</i>	<i>Depreciation Rate for 2010</i>
Land	\$ 4,981	\$ N/A	\$ 4,981	N/A
Road:				
Rail and other track material [a]	11,992	4,458	7,534	3.1%
Ties	7,631	1,858	5,773	2.8%
Ballast	4,011	944	3,067	3.0%
Other [b]	13,634	2,376	11,258	2.5%
Total road	37,268	9,636	27,632	2.8%
Equipment:				
Locomotives	6,136	2,699	3,437	5.6%
Freight cars	1,886	1,040	846	3.6%
Work equipment and other	305	39	266	4.0%
Total equipment	8,327	3,778	4,549	5.1%
Technology and other	551	236	315	13.5%
Construction in progress	764	-	764	N/A
Total	\$ 51,891	\$ 13,650	\$ 38,241	N/A

[a] Includes a weighted-average composite depreciation rate for rail in high-density traffic corridors.

[b] Other includes grading, bridges and tunnels, signals, buildings, and other road assets.

11. Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

<i>Millions</i>	<i>Jun. 30,</i> <i>2011</i>	<i>Dec. 31,</i> <i>2010</i>
Accounts payable	\$ 810	\$ 669
Income and other taxes	579	406
Accrued wages and vacation	358	355
Accrued casualty costs	273	261
Equipment rents payable	92	86
Interest	49	59
Other	468	487
Total accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 2,629	\$ 2,323

12. Transactions With Affiliates

We had an \$86 million and \$35 million working capital surplus at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Our working capital relates to UPC's management of our cash position. As part of UPC's cash management activities, we advance excess cash (cash available after satisfying all of our obligations and paying dividends to UPC) to UPC. We declare and pay dividends to UPC that typically approximate the dividends UPC declares to its shareholders; however, there is no formal requirement to do so. The dividend declaration between us and UPC is determined solely by our Board of Directors. To the extent we require additional cash for use in our operations, UPC makes such funds available to us for borrowing. We treat these transactions as intercompany borrowings in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

The majority of our intercompany borrowings from UPC relate to the acquisitions of the Chicago and North Western Transportation Company and Southern Pacific Rail Corporation that were funded by UPC on our behalf. We assumed these acquisition costs in the form of intercompany borrowings from UPC. In December 2008, the Corporation established a borrowing limit based on our borrowing capacity and UPC implemented a market-based interest rate. Currently, the annual rate is 4.7%. The annual rate was 6.4% from July 2009 through June 2010. Interest accrues quarterly and is payable on demand. We do not expect to be required by UPC to pay back the intercompany borrowings within the next 12 months. Intercompany borrowings are unsecured and rank equally with all of our other unsecured indebtedness.

Pursuant to a services agreement, UPC provides us with various services, including strategic planning, legal, treasury, accounting, auditing, insurance, human resources, and corporate affairs. We pay our share of the costs as determined by an independent review. Billings for these services were \$40 million and \$31 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

13. Financial Instruments

Strategy and Risk – We may use derivative financial instruments in limited instances for other than trading purposes to assist in managing our overall exposure to fluctuations in interest rates and fuel prices. We are not a party to leveraged derivatives and, by policy, do not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. Derivative financial instruments qualifying for hedge accounting must maintain a specified level of effectiveness between the hedging instrument and the item being hedged, both at inception and throughout the hedged period. We formally document the nature and relationships between the hedging instruments and hedged items at inception, as well as our risk-management objectives, strategies for undertaking the various hedge transactions, and method of assessing hedge effectiveness. Changes in the fair market value of derivative financial instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are charged to earnings. We may use swaps, collars, futures, and/or forward contracts to mitigate the risk of adverse movements in interest rates and fuel prices; however, the use of these derivative financial instruments may limit future benefits from favorable price movements.

Determination of Fair Value – We determine the fair values of our derivative financial instrument positions based upon current fair values as quoted by recognized dealers or the present value of expected future cash flows.

Interest Rate Cash Flow Hedges – We report changes in the fair value of cash flow hedges in accumulated other comprehensive loss until the hedged item affects earnings. At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we had reductions of \$2 million and \$3 million, respectively, recorded as an accumulated other comprehensive loss that is being amortized on a straight-line basis through September 30, 2014. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we had no interest rate cash flow hedges outstanding.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments – The fair value of our short- and long-term debt was estimated using quoted market prices, where available, or current borrowing rates. At June 30, 2011, the fair value of total debt was \$2.6 billion, approximately \$320 million more than the carrying value. At December 31, 2010, the fair value of total debt was \$2.6 billion, approximately \$344 million more than the carrying value. At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, approximately \$163 million and \$164 million, respectively, of fixed-rate debt securities contained call provisions that allow us to retire the debt instruments prior to final maturity, with the payment of fixed call premiums, or in certain cases, at par. The fair value of our cash equivalents approximates their carrying value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

14. Variable Interest Entities

We have entered into various lease transactions in which the structure of the leases contain variable interest entities (VIEs). These VIEs were created solely for the purpose of doing lease transactions (principally involving railroad equipment and facilities) and have no other activities, assets or liabilities outside of the lease transactions. Within these lease arrangements, we have the right to purchase some or all of the assets at fixed prices. Depending on market conditions, fixed-price purchase options available in the leases could potentially provide benefits to us; however, these benefits are not expected to be significant.

We maintain and operate the assets based on contractual obligations within the lease arrangements, which set specific guidelines consistent within the railroad industry. As such, we have no control over activities that could materially impact the fair value of the leased assets. We do not hold the power to direct the activities of the VIEs and, therefore, do not control the ongoing activities that have a significant impact on the economic performance of the VIEs. Additionally, we do not have the obligation to absorb losses of the VIEs or the right to receive benefits of the VIEs that could potentially be significant to the VIEs.

We are not considered to be the primary beneficiary and do not consolidate these VIEs because our actions and decisions do not have the most significant effect on the VIE's performance and our fixed-price purchase price options are not considered to be potentially significant to the VIE's. The future minimum lease payments associated with the VIE leases totaled \$4.1 billion as of June 30, 2011.

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Asserted and Unasserted Claims – Various claims and lawsuits are pending against us and certain of our subsidiaries. We cannot fully determine the effect of all asserted and unasserted claims on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity; however, to the extent possible, where asserted and unasserted claims are considered probable and where such claims can be reasonably estimated, we have recorded a liability. We do not expect that any known lawsuits, claims, environmental costs, commitments, contingent liabilities, or guarantees will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity after taking into account liabilities and insurance recoveries previously recorded for these matters.

Personal Injury – The cost of personal injuries to employees and others related to our activities is charged to expense based on estimates of the ultimate cost and number of incidents each year. We use an actuarial analysis to measure the expense and liability, including unasserted claims. The Federal Employers' Liability Act (FELA) governs compensation for work-related accidents. Under FELA, damages are assessed based on a finding of fault through litigation or out-of-court settlements. We offer a comprehensive variety of services and rehabilitation programs for employees who are injured at work.

Our personal injury liability is discounted to present value using applicable U.S. Treasury rates. Approximately 88% of the recorded liability is related to asserted claims, and approximately 12% is related to unasserted claims at June 30, 2011. Estimates can vary over time due to evolving trends in litigation.

Our personal injury liability activity was as follows:

<i>Millions,</i>		
<i>for the Six Months Ended June 30,</i>		
	2011	2010
Beginning balance	\$ 425	\$ 544
Current year accruals	67	82
Changes in estimates for prior years	(39)	(56)
Payments	(53)	(109)
Ending balance at June 30	\$ 400	\$ 461
Current portion, ending balance at June 30	\$ 139	\$ 156

Asbestos – We are a defendant in a number of lawsuits in which current and former employees and other parties allege exposure to asbestos. We assess our potential liability using a statistical analysis of resolution costs for asbestos-related claims. This liability is updated annually and excludes future defense and processing costs. The liability for resolving both asserted and unasserted claims was based on the following assumptions:

- The ratio of future claims by alleged disease would be consistent with historical averages.
- The number of claims filed against us will decline each year.
- The average settlement values for asserted and unasserted claims will be equivalent to historical averages.
- The percentage of claims dismissed in the future will be equivalent to historical averages.

Our liability for asbestos-related claims is not discounted to present value due to the uncertainty surrounding the timing of future payments. Approximately 20% of the recorded liability related to asserted claims and approximately 80% related to unasserted claims at June 30, 2011.

Our asbestos-related liability activity was as follows:

<i>Millions,</i>		
<i>for the Six Months Ended June 30,</i>		
	2011	2010
Beginning balance	\$ 162	\$ 174
Accruals	-	-
Payments	(5)	(6)
Ending balance at June 30	\$ 157	\$ 168
Current portion, ending balance at June 30	\$ 11	\$ 13

We have insurance coverage for a portion of the costs incurred to resolve asbestos-related claims, and we have recognized an asset for estimated insurance recoveries at June 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010.

We believe that our estimates of liability for asbestos-related claims and insurance recoveries are reasonable and probable. The amounts recorded for asbestos-related liabilities and related insurance recoveries were based on currently known facts. However, future events, such as the number of new

claims filed each year, average settlement costs, and insurance coverage issues, could cause the actual costs and insurance recoveries to be higher or lower than the projected amounts. Estimates also may vary in the future if strategies, activities, and outcomes of asbestos litigation materially change; federal and state laws governing asbestos litigation increase or decrease the probability or amount of compensation of claimants; and there are material changes with respect to payments made to claimants by other defendants.

Environmental Costs – We are subject to federal, state, and local environmental laws and regulations. We have identified 294 sites at which we are or may be liable for remediation costs associated with alleged contamination or for violations of environmental requirements. This includes 33 sites that are the subject of actions taken by the U.S. government, 17 of which are currently on the Superfund National Priorities List. Certain federal legislation imposes joint and several liability for the remediation of identified sites; consequently, our ultimate environmental liability may include costs relating to activities of other parties, in addition to costs relating to our own activities at each site.

When we identify an environmental issue with respect to property owned, leased, or otherwise used in our business, we and our consultants perform environmental assessments on the property. We expense the cost of the assessments as incurred. We accrue the cost of remediation where our obligation is probable and such costs can be reasonably estimated. We do not discount our environmental liabilities when the timing of the anticipated cash payments is not fixed or readily determinable. At June 30, 2011, less than 1% of our environmental liability was discounted at 3.2%, while approximately 5% of our environmental liability was discounted at 2.8% at December 31, 2010.

Our environmental liability activity was as follows:

<i>Millions,</i>		
<i>for the Six Months Ended June 30,</i>		
	2011	2010
Beginning balance	\$ 213	\$ 217
Accruals	17	20
Payments	(22)	(18)
Ending balance at June 30	\$ 208	\$ 219
Current portion, ending balance at June 30	\$ 74	\$ 82

The environmental liability includes future costs for remediation and restoration of sites, as well as ongoing monitoring costs, but excludes any anticipated recoveries from third parties. Cost estimates are based on information available for each site, financial viability of other potentially responsible parties, and existing technology, laws, and regulations. The ultimate liability for remediation is difficult to determine because of the number of potentially responsible parties, site-specific cost sharing arrangements with other potentially responsible parties, the degree of contamination by various wastes, the scarcity and quality of volumetric data related to many of the sites, and the speculative nature of remediation costs. Estimates of liability may vary over time due to changes in federal, state, and local laws governing environmental remediation. Current obligations are not expected to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity.

Guarantees – At June 30, 2011, we were contingently liable for \$346 million in guarantees. We have recorded a liability of \$2 million and \$3 million for the fair value of these obligations as of June 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, respectively. We entered into these contingent guarantees in the normal course of business, and they include guaranteed obligations related to our headquarters building, equipment financings, and affiliated operations. The final guarantee expires in 2022. We are not aware of any existing event of default that would require us to satisfy these guarantees. We do not expect that these guarantees will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations, or liquidity.

Indemnities – Our maximum potential exposure under indemnification arrangements, including certain tax indemnifications, can range from a specified dollar amount to an unlimited amount, depending on the nature of the transactions and the agreements. Due to uncertainty as to whether claims will be made or how they will be resolved, we cannot reasonably determine the probability of an adverse claim or reasonably estimate any adverse liability or the total maximum exposure under these indemnification

arrangements. We do not have any reason to believe that we will be required to make any material payments under these indemnity provisions.

Operating Leases – At June 30, 2011, we had commitments for future minimum lease payments under operating leases with initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year of approximately \$4.7 billion.

16. Capital Stock and Dividend Restriction

The number of shares shown in the Statements of Changes in Common Shareholders' Equity in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, excludes 2,665 shares of Common Stock and 232 shares of Class A Stock owned by Southern Pacific Rail Corporation, whose results are included in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.